# Junior Studies Guide

Year 7 **2024** 



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### Introduction

This study guide is provided to assist students and their parents in making an appropriate selection of elective subjects Year 7 in 2024. The contents of this study guide should be studied thoroughly to gain an accurate understanding of the nature, scope, requirements, and relative difficulty of each subject.

The College has a tradition of excellence in teaching and learning, in which the need of the individual student is the central focus of the learning process. At Trinity College several support structures exist so that students and their parents are fully aware of the choices available and the applications of the selected subject course work. It is very much our intention to have parents integrally and frequently involved in the subject selection process of their child.

The elective subjects shown in this study guide are prospective in that the actual availability of courses will be subject to demand and the capacity of the College to run the subject course.

#### **How to Choose Elective Subjects**

Choosing your elective subjects for Year 7 is an opportunity for you to explore and discover your own particular talents, skills and interests. When selecting your elective subject, you should consider subjects you enjoy and will be successful in, keeping in mind the choices you make could have a bearing on your future career goals and aspirations.

When choosing your elective subject there are a few things you should consider:

- What are my personal interests and hobbies?
- What am I good at and will be successful in?
- What are my career goals and aspirations?

The subjects you choose may lead to new career pathways or interests e.g. Art may lead you to cultivate an interest in the Arts. You may become an Artist or enjoy it as a hobby. Even if you did not pursue a career in Art, it could help you pursue a career in design e.g. Fabrics, Dressmaking and Graphic Art. Similar things might be said about Drama, Health and Physical Education and Design Technologies (Food and Materials).

You are not being asked to make major career choices at this moment. The way the subject courses are structured at Trinity College, career paths will still be open to you even after you have completed Year 7 and students will be invited to choose electives again in mid-2024 for the following year.

#### **Steps in Choosing Your Elective:**

- 1. Think about yourself, the things you value like to do, think are worth doing and are achieving towards.
- 2. Talk to your parents and teachers about yourself and the subjects.
- 3. With your parents, complete the online Subject Selection process.



# Subject Selection Process Year 7 & 8



01

## **Compulsory Core Subjects**

These subjects are compulsory for each student to complete and will form their core classes

English
Mathematics
Science
Religion
HaSS

02

# **Elective Subjects**

Select one subject from each basket as your first preference and one additional subject from each basket as your second preference

### LANGUAGES **ARTS** Visual Art Media (Games & Interactive) **Spanish Dance** Japanese Drama Media Music Visual Arts Excellence\* **DESIGN &** HPE - TAP **TECHNOLOGIES** General **STEM** Basketball **Digital Technology** Netball **Design & Technology Rugby League** (Food and Materials) **Touch Football Design & Technology** Soccer/Futsal Gridiron

### **Junior Subject Curriculum**

The curriculum offered to Year 7 students at Trinity College seeks to provide all students with a quality and broad education. Traditionally as the years progress, students are given a greater scope to specialise, adapt course choices to their own talents and abilities, and to develop their plans for future careers and vocations.

For year 7, in compliance with the Australian curriculum core subjects are taught with students having the choice of **four** electives per year. One Arts elective, one Technology elective, one Language elective and one HPE/TAP elective.

Core Subjects	Course Length and Structure
Maths	All Year
English	
Science	
Religion	
HPE	
HASS	History – 13 weeks
	Geography – 13 weeks
	Civics and Citizenship – 7 weeks
	Economics and Business – 7 weeks
Arts – One Semester	Students must choose <b>ONE</b> of the following subjects: Drama, Visual Arts,
	Media, Media (games and interactive media), Dance, Music, Visual Arts
	Excellence**
Technology – One Semester	Students will study
	Design Technologies
	Or
	Food and Materials
	Or
	Digital Technology
	Or
	STEM
Languages – One Semester	Students choose from Japanese <i>Or</i> Spanish
HPE/TAP – One Semester	TAP*- Basketball, Gridiron, Netball, Rugby League, Soccer/Futsal or
	Touch

<sup>\*\*</sup>Students are invited in term 2 to join the Arts Excellence subject.



### Religion

#### **Course Description**

In this course students will investigate the beginning of the Christian faith and determine some ways in which Christianity shares common beginnings with other Monotheistic faiths. They will evaluate how sacred texts influence the life of believers and consider how sacred texts reflect the audience, purpose and context of their human authors.

Students will examine and explain the significance of Church teachings and basic principles of morality for the way believers live out their faith, personally and in community. They participate respectfully in a variety of prayer experiences and evaluate and draw conclusions about the significance of prayer, ritual and sacraments for the faith journey of believers, personally and in community.

#### **Course Outline**

#### **UNIT 1: Being Christian.**

 During this unit students will describe and explain the identity of Jesus, identify foundational Christian beliefs, be introduced to Christian ritual and undertake an investigation into the life of Marcellin Champagnat.

#### UNIT 2: Where it all began.

 The study of the covenant with Abraham, life in Ancient Israel, the new covenant and life for Early Christians throughout which students will learn to analyse source material.

#### UNIT 3: Sacra what? Sacraments 101.

 During this unit students will focus on identifying, describing, and explaining the sacraments, elements of the liturgical calendar and how these nourish the life of believers.

#### **UNIT 4: Common Good.**

 In this unit students will learn to identify and describe Christian teachings and explain how they apply to the lives of individuals as well as encourage social justice in the community.

# Examples of Activities and Assessment

- Investigation research assessment
- Short Response examination
- Script
- Multimodal presentation (recorded)

### **Pathways**

A course of study in Religion involves skills used from a across different subject areas and can be useful in a range of careers in media, government, policing, community development and so much more.

### **English**

#### **Course Description**

The study of English provides students with the skills to communicate in a clear and concise manner using written, spoken and multimodal techniques to both enhance meaning and position an audience.

Throughout this subject students will apply critical and creative skills in their composition of and response to a diverse range of texts to develop their academic achievement and gain an appreciation of a variety of literary and non-literary texts.

Students are offered opportunities to interpret and create texts for differing purposes. They learn how language varies according to context, purpose and audience, content, modes and mediums, and how to use it appropriately and effectively for a variety of purposes.

#### **Course Outline**

#### **UNIT 1: BEING ME**

Throughout this unit students will investigate identities in a range of texts to understand, explain and analyse how individuals are represented through textual language to create texts that represent their own and others' identities.

#### **UNIT 2: FACT, FAKE OR OPINION?**

Students investigate a range of informative and persuasive texts to understand, explain and analyse how texts represent historical, cultural and social perspectives over time. Comparing the use of technology to communicate fact and opinion over time. as well as the investigation of reliable sources of information is also a key component of this unit. Students will experiment with language to create informative, persuasive and creative texts.

#### **UNIT 3: TAKING A STAND**

Students will investigate a range of texts about climate change to understand, explain and analyse how text structures, language features and appropriate vocabulary shape meaning and influence audiences. Students experiment with language to create their own climate change texts, take a stand and position readers/listeners.

# Examples of Activities and Assessment

Students will complete a range of assessment items and in-class activities including:

- Journaling
- Persuasive speaking
- Composing written texts
- Creative writing
- Analytical essays
- Personal recounts
- Letter to the Editor
- Biographical writing
- Narrative intervention
- Reading

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in English promotes open-mindedness, imagination, critical awareness and intellectual flexibility — skills that prepare students for local and global citizenship, and for lifelong learning across a wide range of contexts.

### **Mathematics**

#### **Course Description**

By the end of Year 7, students solve problems involving the comparison, addition and subtraction of integers. They make the connections between whole numbers and index notation and the relationship between perfect squares and square roots. They solve problems involving percentages and all four operations with fractions and decimals. They compare the cost of items to make financial decisions.

Students represent numbers using variables. They connect the laws and properties for numbers to algebra. They interpret simple linear representations and model authentic information. Students describe different views of three-dimensional objects. They represent transformations in the Cartesian plane. They solve simple numerical problems involving angles formed by a transversal crossing two lines.

Students identify issues involving the collection of continuous data. They describe the relationship between the median and mean in data displays.

Students use fractions, decimals and percentages, and their equivalences. They express one quantity as a fraction or percentage of another. Students solve simple linear equations and evaluate algebraic expressions after numerical substitution. They assign ordered pairs to given points on the Cartesian plane. Students use formulas for the area and perimeter of rectangles and calculate volumes of rectangular prisms. Students classify triangles and quadrilaterals. They name the types of angles formed by a transversal crossing parallel line.

Students determine the sample space for simple experiments with equally likely outcomes and assign probabilities to those outcomes. They calculate mean, mode, median and range for data sets. They construct stemand-leaf plots and dot-plots.

#### **Course Outline**

The Australian Curriculum: Mathematics is organised around the interaction of three content strands and four proficiency strands.

The content strands are *number and algebra*, *measurement and geometry*, and *statistics and probability*. They describe what is to be taught and learnt.

The proficiency strands are understanding, fluency, problem-solving and reasoning. They describe how content is explored or developed; that is, the thinking and doing of mathematics. The strands provide a meaningful basis for the development of concepts in the learning of mathematics and have been incorporated into the content descriptions of the three content strands. This approach has been adopted to ensure students' proficiency in mathematical skills develops throughout the curriculum and becomes increasingly sophisticated over the years of schooling.

- Online assessment
- Written exams
- Problem Solving and Modelling Tasks
- Oral presentations

#### **Humanities and Social Sciences**

#### **Course Description**

The Humanities and Social Sciences are the studies of human behaviour and interaction in social, cultural, environmental, economic and political contexts. The Humanities and Social Sciences have a historical and contemporary focus, from personal to global context, and consider challenges for the future. These subjects provide a broad understanding of the world in which we live, and how people can participate as active and informed citizens.

#### **Course Outline**

#### **Civics and Citizenship**

In this unit, students study key features of Australia's system of government and explore how this system aims to protect all Australians. They examine the Australian constitution and how its features, principles and values shape Australia's democracy. Students look at how the rights of individuals are protected through the justice system. They explore how Australia's secular system of government supports a diverse society with shared values. Through the study of Civics and Citizenship, students can develop skills of inquiry and values and dispositions that enable them to be active and informed citizens.

#### History

In this unit, students are to be taught content from a historical period, approximately 60,000 BCE – c.650 CE. This is part of an expansive chronology that helps students to understand broad patterns of historical change. There are two depth studies for this historical period. These may include, but are not limited to Egypt, Mesopotamia, Persia, Greece, Rome, India, China, and the Maya. Areas of investigation related to the depth study are as follows: contacts and conflicts within and/or with other societies, physical features of ancient societies, the

roles of key groups and individuals in ancient societies such as women and slaves and the influence of law and religion.

#### **Economics and Business**

In this unit, students will develop and apply enterprising behaviours and capabilities, along with knowledge, understanding and skills of inquiry, to investigate a familiar personal, community, national or regional economics or business issue. The economics or business issue investigated will enable students to: describe the interdependence of consumers and producers in the 21<sup>st</sup> century market; explain the importance of short- and long-term planning to achieve personal, organisational, sustainable, and financial objectives; describe characteristics of entrepreneurs and successful businesses; and identify the reasons individuals choose to work, types of work and how people derive an income.

#### Geography

In this unit, students will examine the many uses of water, the ways it is perceived and valued, its different forms as a resource, the ways it connects places as it moves through the environment, its varying availability in time and across space, and its scarcity. Water in the world develops students' understanding of the concept of environment, including the ideas that the environment is the product of a variety of processes, that it supports and enriches human and other life, that people value the environment in different ways and that the environment has its specific hazards. Water is investigated using studies drawn from Australia, countries of the Asia region, and countries from West Asia and/or North Africa.

- Group Presentation Task
- Research Task
- Multiple-choice and short-response examination
- Field studies

#### Science

#### **Course Description**

Year 7 Science is an introduction for many students to the equipment and behaviours required in a dedicated science laboratory. This is a year of transition from primary science to the rigour of secondary science. The course is designed to build on the topics the children studied at primary school at a more advanced level. The focus in the first instance is impart the joys of science and make them feel comfortable experimenting in the laboratory. They will be working in the laboratory, carrying out more experiments and recording and analysing their results.

Science is organised in three strands:

- Science Understanding the students will engage with scientific concepts.
- Science as a Human Endeavour they will encounter how these concepts affect them and others in the wider world.
- Science Inquiry the students use practical and research skills to communicate their ideas to a specified audience.

#### Course outline

By the end of Year 7 students explain how biological diversity is ordered and organised. They represent flows of matter and energy in ecosystems and predict the effect of environmental changes. They model cycles in the Earth-sun and moon system and explain the effects of these cycles on Earth phenomena. They represent and explain the effects of forces acting on objects. They use particle theory to explain the physical properties of substances and design and explain processes to separate substances. Students describe the factors that result in scientific knowledge changing over time. They examine scientific responses to contemporary issues and describe the role of science communication.

**UNIT 1 – PARTICLE THEORY AND MIXTURES** 

**UNIT 2 - CLASSIFICATION** 

**UNIT 3 – ECOSYSTEMS** 

**UNIT 4 – EARTH SUN AND MOON** 

**UNIT 5 - FORCES** 

# **Examples of Activities** and Assessment

- Research tasks
- Student experiments and reports
- Analysing data
- Examination

### **Pathways**

Studying a science course allows students to pursue careers in several fields including Medicine, Medical Imaging, Acoustics. Engineering Robotics Electronics and Technology, Pharmaceuticals, Quality Control Processes, Manufacturing, Mining and mineral exploration, Sociology, Environmental Science, Pure Sciences and Research, Teaching and Nursing. Students looking to pursue a trade or entry into the armed forces may require a pass in Science also.



#### **Dance**

#### **Course Description**

The course allows students to represent, question and celebrate human experience, using the body as the instrument and movement as the medium for personal, social, emotional, spiritual and physical communication. Dance has the capacity to engage, inspire and enrich all students, exciting the imagination and encouraging students to reach their creative and expressive potential.

Dance enables students to develop a movement vocabulary with which to explore and refine imaginative ways of moving individually and collaboratively. Students engage with dance practice and practitioners in their own and others' cultures and communities. Learning in and through dance enhances students' knowledge and understanding of diverse cultures and contexts and develops their personal, social and cultural identity.

#### **Course Outline**

#### **UNIT 1: SO, YOU THINK YOU CAN DANCE**

• An introduction to a variety of dance styles with a focus on Hip-hop.

#### **UNIT 2: DANCING AROUND THE WORLD**

 The study of Cultural/Ritual dance from a variety of origins around the world.

#### **UNIT 3: STEP IT UP**

 Utilising Contemporary dance to compose movement stories based on a theme/event.

Throughout this course, students will develop skills required to choreograph, rehearse and perform dances.

- Choreographing includes students drawing on their developing movement vocabulary as they engage in the creative process of making dance. As they explore and shape their ideas, they will be involved in processes such as improvising, exploring, selecting, creating and structuring movement to communicate their intentions.
- Performing includes students acquiring skills by practising, rehearsing, refining and applying physical and expressive techniques.
- Appreciating includes students describing, explaining, evaluating and critically analysing their own dances and other dances viewed.

# **Examples of Activities and Assessment**

- Journaling
- Written review's
- Performance critique/evaluations
- Exams
- Ongoing observation of practical performances and application
- Research assessment
- Performances
- Choreography

#### **Pathways**

A course of study in Dance can establish a basis for further education and employment in the fields of arts administration and management, communication, education, public relations, research, choreography, dance education, dance teaching, performance and event production, science and technology.

#### **Drama**

#### **Course Description**

This course allows students to learn to communicate with others in a variety of ways and provides students with experiences which develop and enhance communication skills useful in a variety of situations. The course aims to develop students' confidence, interpersonal skills and self-discipline in a spirit of friendly, respectful communication.

In Drama, students learn to create dramatic situations, offer and accept ideas, make a commitment to teamwork, manage their own time, understand other points of view, negotiate, interact with others, concentrate, act individually in groups, think independently and express themselves.

#### **Course Outline**

# TERM 1: WHOSE LINE IS IT ANYWAY? (Improvisation, Process Drama and Theatre Sports)

This unit further develops improvisation skills. With a focus on Process Drama as a tool for exploring texts and characters. As well as Theatre Sports, the skills of giving and accepting offers, advancing and extending are developed all within the notion of working as a team without a script. Improvisation skills are also a solid starting point for future Drama units.

#### **TERM 2: WHAT'S MY SCENE? (Performing scripts)**

In this unit, students take on the skills they have learnt in Term 1 and build on it while working with other students. They will take on characters; build on vocal and physical techniques as well as learning to manipulate mood, language and tension. Students will take scripted scenes and use their creativity to make it their own.

#### **TERM 3: FUNNY BUSINESS (Clowning and Children's Theatre)**

This unit introduces students to a different form of Drama. They will look at comedy usually focusing on clowning and children's theatre as an entertainment form. During this unit students will discover what makes them laugh! Students will explore the history of comedy and different styles of comedy and get to workshop them in class. They will focus on timing and rhythm and work individually or in a group. Students will learn about the various techniques of comedy and create a performance designed to entertain young audiences through the practical skills of visual comedy.

#### TERM 4: I LIKE TO MOVE IT, MOVE IT (Mask and Movement)

During this unit students will be able to use their creative side and incorporate art and music into their Drama performances. Students will discover the meaning and significance of telling stories through art, music and movement. This unit will look at symbolism, tension, focus and space. Students will look at myths and legends and brainstorm how to portray them through movement.

- Journal
- Written review
- Performances Scripted and student devised
- Theatre games and activities
- Improvising scenes
- Exploring play texts



#### **Media Arts**

#### **Course Description**

Media Arts enables students to create and communicate representations of diverse worlds and investigate the impact and influence of media artworks on those worlds, individually and collaboratively. As an art form evolving in the twenty-first century, media arts enable students to use existing and emerging technologies as they explore imagery, text and sound and create meaning as they participate in, experiment with and interpret diverse cultures and communications practices. Students learn to be critically aware of ways that the media are culturally used and negotiated, and are dynamic and central to the way they make sense of the world and of themselves. They learn to interpret, analyse and develop media practices through their media arts making experiences. They are inspired to imagine, collaborate and take on responsibilities in planning, designing and producing media artworks. Students explore and interpret diverse and dynamic cultural, social, historical and institutional factors that shape contemporary communication through media technologies and globally networked communications.

#### **Course Outline**

#### TERM 1 – INTRODUCTION TO MEDIA ARTS

Students will receive a foundational knowledge of media terminology and meaning. They will learn how to technology is used creatively to tell stories and create meaning. They will look at primarily at the codes and conventions of different media forms.

#### **TERM 2 – INFOMMERCIAL**

In this unit, students will begin to explore how media arts are used to communicate a certain message to a target audience. They will look at advertising techniques and will investigate how to apply these techniques to their own campaign. Students will receive a strange product which they must convince their audience to buy.

#### **TERM 3 – FRACTURED FAIRYTALES**

Students will begin to look at genre codes and conventions as well as how to construct an image (movie poster) utilising location, props, costume, lighting, SFX makeup and camera positioning. They will then transform a traditional fairy-tale into a Hollywood genre film.

#### **TERM 4 – FRACTURED FAIRTALES CONT.**

Students will build upon their knowledge of scene composition and meaning, by turning their film poster into a trailer. They will also complete an exam during this unit.

# Examples of Activities and Assessment

**Exam:** Demonstrate understanding of media terminology in a short response exam. **Investigative Report:** Investigate how effective different advertising strategies are. Create a case study for a number of local advertising campaigns, looking at data, and evaluate how successful they were.

**Multiplatform Project:** Create an advertising campaign for a strange/unconventional product. Students are to produce advertising material for a variety of media forms i.e. print, television, radio

**Stylistic Project:** Convert a classic fairy-tale into a Hollywood genre film. Design a film poster that conveys the genre codes and conventions - using location, costume, props, SFX makeup, lighting, camera techniques and digital editing techniques. Create a 30 second teaser trailer for the Hollywood film.

**Exam:** Comparative analysis – Stimulus provided. Students are to compare and contrast two posters of the same genre. They are to identify how each poster demonstrates the genre codes and convention, and communicates the story/meaning to the audience. Students are to identify symbolism and representations in the posters as well. They can evaluate which poster is more successful.

### **Media (Games & Interactive Media)**

#### **Course Description**

This course provides students with an opportunity to develop media arts understanding and processes through game-based learning. Students will design and produce their own games and media artworks through character and environment design, coding, specialised game development software and media equipment. They will explore different genres of games and the various target audiences of different types of interactive experiences.

#### **Course Outline**

#### **UNIT 1 – PLAYER VS. PLAYER**

Students will use Minecraft Education Edition to develop their creative skills. They will plan, design and produce a PvP (player verse player) competitive game mode in Minecraft Creative mode. They will playtest the games they produce and determine their suitability for Esports.

#### **UNIT 2 – LETS PLAY - GAME REVIEW**

In this unit students will develop media production skills through recording gameplay footage from a game of choice. They will critically review the game based on a number of criteria to determine the quality of the game. Finally, they edit their recording and use a variety of media technology such as microphones to create the final media product.

#### **UNIT 3 – TOKYO E-LYMPICS**

In this unit, students will explore the impact that the global lockdown had on traditional sports. They will consider how virtual/electronic sports can be implemented in such times to overcome barriers. They will design and produce an Olympic stadium that facilitates a number of different sporting events in Minecraft Education.

#### **EXTRACURRICULAR OPPORTUNITIES**

Esports Club is open every Thursday afternoon from 3pm -5pm. Students who intend to join our Esports Teams – TC RED and TC BLUE may nominate to come to this club. We participate in a number of annual tournaments through organisers such as XP HSL Esports, UQU High School Championship, Chisholm Invitationals and META High School Esports.

In year 7, students may play the following games competitively.

- Super Smash Brothers
- Rocket League

- Game and film design documentation and preproduction
- Games and interactive media
- Short films and moving media
- Proposals/reflections

#### Music

#### **Course Description**

This course provides students with an opportunity to develop a good knowledge of musical concepts by 'making' and 'responding' to forms of music. The course's context may reflect cultural forms (including Australian Indigenous), historical music, pop culture or other topics that may suit the interests of the students. Students will use practical skills to perform either rehearsed or improvised music, with attention to various musical elements such as dynamics, texture, timbre and expression. Furthermore, they will compose their own music, which will use various technologies to present (e.g.: software, digital sound). In addition, they will also develop their aural (listening) skills to evaluate and analyse various forms of music.

#### **Course Outline**

#### **BACK TO BASICS**

Students will explore the basics of music including reading and writing music, hearing rhythms and identifying melodies. This provides a foundation for students new to music as well as revisionary work for those who currently enjoy playing a musical instrument. The initial concepts of music composition, performing and analysing will be introduced to students in this topic.

#### **ROCK AND ROLL**

Music has played an important role throughout history. Looking back at the Rock and Roll era will allow students to understand the context and history of music as well as being able to compose and perform songs from that time. The context and history of music and its various forms is important as it allows students to appreciate the link between music and culture.

#### SOUND ENGINEERING

In today's current society, the need for comprehensive understanding of musical equipment and ICT based programs is high. In the modern world various pieces of technology are used by many people to compose and perform. Students will explore the processes and technologies associated with music creation and live/studio recording.

#### **INDIGENOUS MUSIC**

The Indigenous music of each continent is important to explore as the music concepts and contexts allow students to indulge in the music of our world. The untouched examples of indigenous music is so widely available in our current society and is crucial in student learning. Analysing and responding to Indigenous music will help students gain an appreciation of music and its beginnings.

- Written tasks (e.g.: exam, research report)
- Presentations
- Compositions
- Aural tasks
- Performances (e.g.: improvised, rehearsed)

### **Visual Art**

#### **Course Description**

This course provides students with an opportunity to explore Visual Art concepts and contexts. Students will learn about and develop Art skills that they will be able to apply to designing and creating their own Visual Art folios. Furthermore, students will also build on their Visual Art skills with introductions to digital design computer programs, printmaking, clay sculpture and mixed media collage techniques.

#### **Course Outline**

### Unit 1: FOUNDATION ART STUDIES (The Elements of Art and Design)

During this unit, students will develop an understanding and appreciation of the elements of Art and Design and their application in Visual Art. Students will create an abstract artwork based on a theme that displays their understanding and knowledge of the Elements and Principles of Art and Design.

#### Unit 2: CHARACTER DEVELOPMENT / SURREALISM (Illustration and Sculpture)

During this unit, students will develop an understanding and appreciation of the elements and principles of Art and Design in relation to Illustration. The students will develop a folio of sketches and designs to create their own individual 'surrealist' creatures that could be featured in an Illustrated book or an interactive video game. Students will also work on a unit of hand building with clay. They will submit a Surrealism Clay Figure Sculpture in a 3D diorama and their Visual Process Diary with preliminary ideas, chosen A4 sketch of figure, construction views, and construction plan and materials list. Also clay process notes on techniques (pinch pot, coil and slab studies) and a written reflection. As well as research notes on the Surrealism art movement and information about the Surrealist artists.

# **Examples of Activities and Assessment**

- Visual Process Diary
- Folios of Artwork
- Written Tasks including- Essays, Reports and Reviews
- Art Excursions
- Community Based Activities

### Visual Arts Excellence (Invitation Only)

### **Course Description**

This subject provides students with opportunities to further explore Visual Art concepts and contexts that are beyond what is offered in regular visual art classes. Students will work on large scale projects that will enhance their skills and prepare them for real life situations. All students will be engaged in projects that will see them using industry standard equipment and techniques including large scale paintings, sculpture, digital art, printmaking, textiles and wearable art. Furthermore, students will also have the opportunity to work with professional artists in residence where they will be mentored and guided to produce specialised artworks. They will also have the opportunity to attend special excursions to art galleries, artist workshops and scenic locations where you will develop artworks and group projects. There is a focus on contemporary art practices where students will study a variety of artists work and analyse artworks to decode visual literacy and generate ideas for their own artistic creations. This course is for students who excel at Visual Arts and want to extend on their knowledge. They are treated like professional artists that are given themes to respond to in a unique an individual way.





Choose Either Design and Technologies, Food and Materials, Digital Technology or STEM

### **Design and Technologies**

### **Course Description**

In this course students will study the Design and Technologies processes and production skills which develops design thinking and design processes. Design and Technologies involves creative thinking and the explicit use of design processes to propose solutions for an identified user and purpose.

This subject is designed to include two interrelated strands of:

- Knowledge and understanding of technology, and
- Processes and production skills

Students will work through one main project, designed to develop practical skills and theoretical knowledge relating to materials, tools and processes. While this subject has practical content, students must understand that theory, including digital drawing, is an essential part of this subject.

#### **Course Outline**

- On Guard safety program
- Learning how to draw orthographic projections in a digital space.
- Learning how to engage with tutorial resources via Teams.
- Learning how to submit assessment via Teams.
- Creation of designs in pine timber

# **Examples of Activities and Assessment**

The areas of study covered in this course will be:

#### Design Folio:

- Toy prime mover truck
- Self designed trailer for truck
- Photos of process
- Evaluation

Integrated within each area of study listed are:

- Safety
- Project planning and design
- Workshop graphics
- Surface finishing



### **Design & Technologies (Food and Materials)**

### **Course Description**

Technologies have been an integral part of society for as long as humans have had the desire to create solutions to improve their own and others' quality of life. Technologies have an impact on people and societies by transforming, restoring and sustaining the world in which we live.

Australia needs enterprising and innovative individuals with the ability to make discerning decisions related to the development, use and impact of technologies. When developing technologies, these individuals need to be able to work independently and collaboratively to solve complex, open-ended problems. Subjects in the Technologies learning area prepare students to be effective problem-solvers as they learn about and work with contemporary and emerging technologies.

#### **Course Outline**

#### Semester length program only.

### Food for Thought.

Introduction to the world of nutrition and food specialisations. Students learn to make better choices when it comes to food choice.

<u>Sustainable Textiles</u> Understanding the impact of fast fashion and sustainability in the textile world.

- Design Process
- Practical Exam
- Research journal



### **Digital Technology**

#### **Course Description**

**Course Outline** 

In Year 7 students explore the digital technologies curriculum which requires students to operate and manage digital systems. Throughout this highly interactive and collaborative introduction to the field of computer science, students learn to apply computational thinking when creating digital solutions. Students will develop and apply an understanding of the characteristics of data, audiences, procedures, digital systems and learn to formulate problems, logically organise and analyse data and represent it in abstract forms. Students will learn how computers input, output, store and process information to help humans solve problems.

#### **COMPUTER SCIENCE**

This unit introduces basic computer science, and how these are implemented through code. It teaches students programming and understanding skills in computational thinking such as decomposing problems and prototyping. Students will broaden their programming experiences to include general-purpose programming languages and incorporate subprograms into their solutions. Students will investigate different file types and summarise their understanding and knowledge by completing quizzes and activities.

#### APP DEVELOPMENT AND ICT SKILLS

Mobile phones and apps are increasingly popular today. There are apps that help you organise your life, track your daily steps, meet new people, teach you about new topics, stay connected with friends or even game-based applications. The purpose of many apps is to benefit the users (the audience) or to build awareness of a topic to improve the community (local, national, or global). It is important to value the potential of digital app solutions as a positive strategy with a purpose to improve society. This unit will use the context of apps and digital games development to build students' capabilities and confidence in creating a digital solution that uses a general-purpose programming. Once students have determined the purpose and requirements of the app, they describe how the solution will be created and consider design features appropriate to the audience. After the app has been developed, students evaluate its success.

#### **ARDUINO BASICS**

This unit introduces students to Arduino which is an open-source electronics platform based on easy-to-use hardware and software. Arduino boards are able to read inputs – light on a senor, a finger on a button, or a Twitter message – and turn it into an output – activating a motor, turning on an LED, publishing something online. Students will learn how to use the Arduino programming language, software and build on processing skills. Students this term are working through the Arduino projects contained within the Arduino kits. These kits are designed to give students a foundation in how electronic components work together with a programming language in order to provide digital solutions.

#### INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON PROGRAMMING

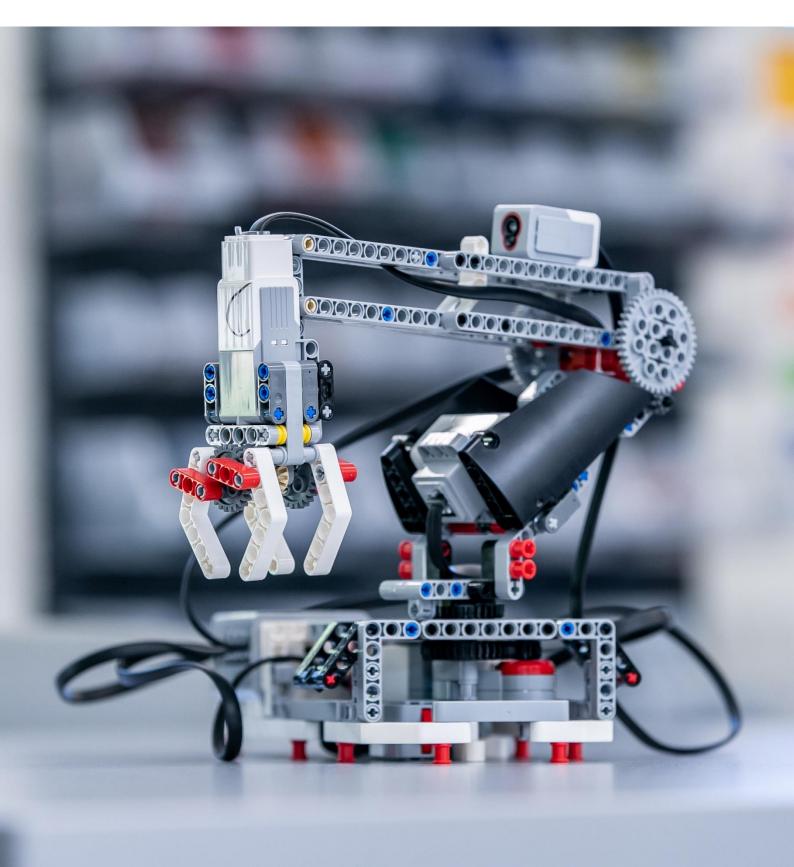
This unit introduces students to Python Programming. Students will understand the purpose of programming in Python, acknowledge the benefits and reasons why we learn Python. The activities outlined in this unit will help explain what programming is and recall essential concepts used in coding. Students will revise concepts of algorithms and flowcharts alongside basic functions such as sequence, selection and iteration. Students will practice printing messages and using inputs and variables in Visual Studio Code.

- Exams
- Research assignment and practical projects
- Documentation (E.g. reports)
- Presentations

#### **STEM**

### **Course Description**

The world needs students of today to become scientist, engineers, and problem-solving leaders of tomorrow. Science is constantly presenting us with new breakthroughs, innovations and challenges creating greater opportunities for problem solving through technology. Students will be given the opportunity to explore fun Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) activities. STEM offers a hands-on learning enrichment experience for students in Year 7. Each term, students will explore various fun STEM activities that are aligned to the national science, mathematics, and digital technologies curriculum.



#### **Course Outline**

#### MINI ELECTRONIC PROJECTS

In engineering, you can use your STEM skills to devise, design, manufacture and implement a wide range of solutions to real-world questions, challenges and needs. There are many different types of engineers—mechanical engineers, civil engineers, chemical engineers, electrical engineers, and computer engineers, to name only a few. All of them use their expertise to find creative solutions to the real-world problems with which they are presented. Students will build simple circuits combined with some fun projects to identify linear components and basic circuit theory. Students will also work together to build a battery from lemons, alligator clip wires, and an LED. Once the battery has been completed, they use the steps of an engineering design process to design a switch for their battery system.

#### OCEAN PROPERTIES AND HOW DEEP IS THE OCEAN?

Students explore remote terrains by modelling and graphing the ocean floor with an ultrasonic sensor to visualise organisms that live in different ocean layers. Students will explore some of the interesting science within our oceans, learn that there are 5 major ocean areas in the world, and the difference between oceans and seas. Students will build on knowledge of water properties and fluid dynamics from previous modules. Through experiments students explore the science of water currents, water density, water temperature and floating (buoyancy forces). Students will explore why ships float, and how submarines sink. Students will use knowledge gained to build and test their own submarine!

#### **BUILDING MACHINES THAT EMULATE HUMANS**

Students build robotic models from cardboard and straws to understand the anatomy and biomechanics of the human hand. Then, they conduct trials visualising data in Excel to generate new ideas for improving its performance. Artificial intelligence (AI) is a machine or computer program that can-do human-like 'thinking' to complete a task. AI can be in robots that look like people or animals or can run in the background of a computer program like a phone assistant.

# DESIGNING ASTRO SOCKS TO PROTECT ASTRONAUTS' FEET IN MICROGRAVITY

In space, the astronauts' feet are like hands. They use them to grip and grasp surfaces to stabilize themselves in microgravity. This often leads to discomfort on the tops of their feet. During this term students study the tasks that astronauts perform while on the International Space Station. They evaluate designs of performance footwear, gather user requirements and study foot anatomy. Then, they design and build a prototype to mitigate the pressure on their feet. By running trials using their sensorised sock, they test the effectiveness of their design in a simulated microgravity environment. Finally, they write and record an advertisement to explain their design.

- Research assignment & practical projects
- Documentation (E.g. reports)
- Presentations



### **Japanese**

#### **Course Description**

Japanese focuses on the four areas of reading, writing, speaking and listening and also aims to teach language through culture. Japanese uses three scripts, Hiragana, Katakana and Kanji which are introduced at varying stages throughout the course. Japanese is a challenging yet enjoyable subject that is significantly different from European languages.

#### **Course Outline**

In Japanese students will be exposed to a variety of real-life situations. The focus of the course is communication in the foreign language.

During the Year 7 Japanese course, equal emphasis is placed on the four skills of reading, writing, speaking and listening. Classroom activities are designed to enhance each of these four skills.

#### HOW DO YOU DO?

This unit sees students explore introducing themselves and others with basic descriptive language. Emphasis is placed on mastering Hiragana. Assessment in this unit focuses on reading and writing skills.

#### **FOOD AND FAMILY**

This unit allows students to explore Japanese food and the culture surrounding it, in addition teaching them about communicating around their families. It progresses to allow students to use their creativity in constructing their own sentences. Assessment in this unit focuses on listening and speaking skills.

#### MY HOMETOWN

This unit focuses on students' neighbourhoods and activities. Students will be introduced to Katakana at this stage of the course. Assessment for this unit focuses on reading and writing skills.

#### MY WEEK

This unit focuses on the routines and time spent at school. Students will be introduced to some Kanji at this stage of the course. Assessment focuses on speaking and listening skills.

#### Why Study This Subject?

The study of Japanese until Year 10 is not just beneficial but a vital part of any education. Briefly, learning a language is important for:

#### Future Job Prospects:

Languages are needed in the fields of Education, Hospitality, Tourism, Commerce, Industry, Trade, Banking, Defence Forces, Journalism and the Diplomatic Service.

Understanding How People Live in Australia and Other Parts of the World:

As people living in a multicultural Australia, we need to understand the values of all members and visitors in our community.

Better Understanding How Our Own Language Works:

Foreign language learning encourages flexibility of thought and enhances problemsolving skills.

Most importantly, being able to communicate in another language is a rewarding experience and fun!

# Examples of Activities and Assessments

Year 7 Japanese also includes a Japanese Lunch Box day and participation in Japanese Food and Culture Day.

### **Spanish**

#### **Course Description**

Spanish focuses on the four areas of reading, writing, speaking and listening and also aims to teach language through culture. The course has been designed to expose students to the Spanish speaking world including the countries in which Spanish is spoken, the diversity of cultures, foods, sports, music and the impact this is having on global culture

#### **Course Outline**

In Spanish, students will be exposed to a variety of real-life situations. The focus of the course is communication in the foreign language.

During the Year 7 Spanish course, a equal emphasis is placed on speaking, listening, reading and writing. Classroom activities are designed to enhance each of these four skills.

#### THE SPANISH SPEAKING WORLD

In this unit, students will be introduced to Spanish culture and basic vocabulary. They will be creating introductory videos about them and making posters about their families, as they learn to describe themselves and the people in their lives.

#### **PLACES AND OPINIONS**

This unit sees students describe and explain their likes, dislikes, opinions and neighbourhoods. They will be writing letters to Spanish-speaking pen pals and learning to create a written dialogue in Spanish.

#### **FESTIVAL AND THE HOME**

This unit focuses on teaching students about important Spanish cultural festivals, allowing them to compare and contrast Spanish culture with our own.

#### **ACTIVITIES**

Students will discuss the activities they enjoy, including sports, shopping and eating at restaurants. They will learn the vocabulary required to participate in these activities.

#### Why Study This Subject?

The study of Spanish until Year 10 is not just beneficial but a vital part of any education. Briefly, learning a language is important for:

### Future Job Prospects:

Languages are needed in the fields of Education, Hospitality, Tourism, Commerce, Industry, Trade, Banking, Defence Forces, Journalism and the Diplomatic Service.

Understanding How People Live in Australia and Other Parts of the World:

As people living in a multicultural Australia, we need to understand the values of all members and visitors in our community.

Better Understanding How Our Own Language Works:

Foreign language learning encourages flexibility of thought and enhances problemsolving skills.

Most importantly, being able to communicate in another language is a rewarding experience and fun!

# **Examples of Activities and Assessments**

In Year 7, students create posters, write dialogues, film interviews and complete basic listening and writing tests. Year 7 Spanish also includes Spanish Food and Culture Day.



**Choose ONE HPE/TAP Elective** 

### **Health and Physical Education**

#### **Course Description**

In year 7 HPE, students expand knowledge, understanding and skills to help them achieve successful outcomes in classroom, leisure, social, movement and online situations. Students learn how to take positive action to enhance their own and others' health, safety and wellbeing. They do this as they examine the nature of their relationships and other factors that influence people's beliefs, attitudes, opportunities, decisions, behaviours and actions. Students demonstrate a range of help-seeking strategies that support them to access and evaluate health and physical activity information and services.

The curriculum for Year 7 supports students to refine a range of specialised knowledge, understanding and skills in relation to their health, safety, wellbeing, and movement competence and confidence. Students develop specialised movement skills and understanding in a range of physical activity settings. They analyse how body control and coordination influence movement composition and performance and learn to transfer movement skills and concepts to a variety of physical activities. Students explore the role that games and sports, outdoor recreation, lifelong physical activities, and rhythmic and expressive movement activities play in shaping cultures and identities. They reflect on and refine personal and social skills as they participate in a range of physical activities.

#### **Course Outline**

Focus areas to be addressed include:

- alcohol and other drugs
- food and nutrition
- health benefits of physical activity
- mental health and wellbeing
- relationships and sexuality
- safety
- challenge and adventure activities
- games and sports
- lifelong physical activities
- rhythmic and expressive movement activities

- Exams
- Research Investigations
- Case studies
- Multimodal presentations
- Practical performance demonstration, analysis, and evaluation



# Talented Athlete Program – Basketball, Netball, Rugby League, Gridiron (American Football),

### **Soccer/Futsal and Touch Football**

#### **Course Description**

Development Program in Sport – skill development, rule knowledge and strategy knowledge in their chosen sport. The course will also include units on sports psychology, nutrition, and exercise physiology. Excellence programs will be offered in sports where appropriate – currently Basketball, Netball, Rugby League and Touch Football have Excellence Programs and this may be adjusted based on demand and commitment.

### **Eligibility**

Students must be playing or be able to demonstrate an ability to play their chosen sport. Students must commit to attending training sessions held before/after school and competing in appropriate competitions as part of the TAP program

Competitions include: District and Regional tournaments (in all sports), All Schools Touch, Confraternity Rugby League, Titans Cup Rugby League, Catholic and Vicki Wilson Cup Netball Champion, Schools Basketball, National Schools Basketball, the Elite 8 Tournament and various Marist competitions. The school competitions may be "age" or "Year level" based and teams will be selected based on the appropriate criteria.

Being in the TAP program does not guarantee selection in a school representative team. Trials are held for all elite teams, and students outside the TAP program may trial for these teams. Students enrolled in the TAP program are continually assessed and students not meeting the subject requirements and/or level of achievement may be required to choose an alternative subject.

# Students not meeting the commitments and aims of the program may be asked to change elective classes.

# Aims of the Talented Athlete Program

The aim of the Talented Athlete Program (TAP) is to provide students with the opportunity to develop their sporting potential whilst maintaining their performance in academic studies.

The program aims to provide students with quality coaching and feedback on their development within the sporting and school environment, allowing students to access opportunities to compete in elite competitions across South-East Queensland and beyond.

Students will also gain skills in goal setting, teamwork and accountability and will be taught techniques to apply these skills to their daily routines. Students will gain an understanding of the rules and strategies relevant to their chosen sport.

# **Excellence -Extension and Development Classes**

Where numbers permit TAP classes may be split into Extension and Development squads. These selections will be at trials advertised within the College. Students may be required to move between Extension and Development based on performance and commitment.

# Examples of Activities and Assessment

Each class will be sport specific where numbers permit, together where the skills overlap and separately where the skills diverge. Practical areas include skills, strength and conditioning, speed, and agility development. The students will have fitness assessments in Term 1 and Term 3. Assessment will encompass diet and nutrition, coaching and refereeing, training principles, goal setting, video analysis, rules and strategy and exercise physiology and this will be in the form of research assignments, projects and class activities. Subject assessment will involve both a practical and theoretical component. Theory assessments align with the requirements in senior subjects such as the Certificate 2 and 3 in Sport and Recreation and the Diploma of Sport Administration. This enables pathways for students in both university entrance and the workplace.

